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(74) **Agent:** CHARLES, Glyndwr; Patentanwälte Reinhard, Skuhra, Weise & Partner GbR, Postfach 44 01 51, 80750 München (DE).

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(71) **Applicant (for all designated States except US): INFINEON TECHNOLOGIES AG [DE/DE]; St.-Martin-Strasse 53, 81669 München (DE).**

(72) Inventors; and

(75) **Inventors/Applicants (for US only): KIRSHENBOIM, Gilad [IL/IL]; Trus Haargaman 84/9, 42490 Netanya (IL). PELEG, Shimon [IL/IL]; Anchilevich Street 11, 45285 Hod Hasharon (IL).**

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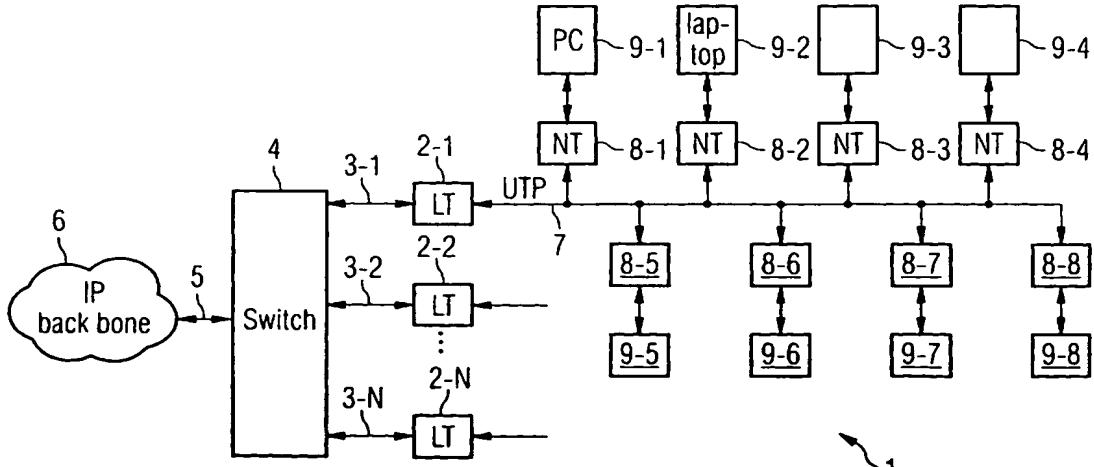
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(54) Title: DATA TRANSMISSION NETWORK



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(57) Abstract: Data transmission network having at least one line termination device (2) connected via a data transmission medium (7) to several network termination devices (8), each network termination device (8) comprising a request message generator (33) for generating a data transmission request message when a data communication device (9) connected to the network termination device (8) is sending data, and an xDSL transceiver (20) for transmitting an upstream data frame including the generated request message via the data transmission medium (7) to the line termination device (2), said line termination device (2) comprising a selection unit (66) for selecting network termination devices (8) which have sent a request message depending on stored status information data of the network termination devices (8), a grant message generator (68) for generating data transmission grant messages for the selected network termination devices (8), and an xDSL transceiver (20) for broadcasting downstream data frames including the generated grant messages via the data transmission medium (7) to the network termination devices (8).

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For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

Description

Data Transmission Network

5 The present invention refers to a data transmission network and a method for data transmission which allow xDSL data transmission and voice data transmission between a backbone network and a network termination device on any data transmission medium such as a copper telephone line.

10

Fig. 1 shows a data transmission network according to the state of the art. An IP backbone is connected via a broadband data transmission line to a main switch such as an xDSL line termination device. The main switch is connected to 15 several xDSL network termination devices NT over xMII interface. The NT is connected via a UTP telephone line to a local switch or hub which distributes the data packages received from the main switch to different data communication devices such as a personal computer or a laptop or an IP 20 phone via a CAT5 communication line. The switch and the data communication devices form a local area network (LAN), e.g. an Ethernet local area network. The Ethernet local area network according to the state of the art does not allow data exchange between data communication devices and the local 25 switch via an ordinary CAT3 copper telephone line over home telephone topology which requires its own wiring structure besides the telephone lines which are already installed in a building.

30 It is a main object of the present invention to provide a data transmission network and a method for data transmission which allow xDSL data exchange and a voice data exchange on any data transmission medium and in particular on an ordinary POTS telephone line. (POTS: Plain Old Telephone Service).

This object is achieved with a data transmission network having the features of main claim 1 and by a data transmission method having the features of claim 25.

- 5 The data transmission network according to the invention has at least one line termination device (LT) connected via a data transmission medium to several network termination devices NT.
- 10 Each network termination device (NT) comprises a request message generator for generating a data transmission request message when a data communication device connected to the network termination device is sending data, and
- 15 an xDSL transceiver for transmitting an upstream data frame including the generated request message via the data transmission medium to the line termination device; said line termination device comprising a selection unit for selecting network termination devices
- 20 which have sent a request message depending on stored status information data of the network termination devices, a grant message generator for generating data transmission grant messages for the selected network termination devices, and
- 25 an xDSL transceiver for broadcasting downstream data frames including the generated grant messages via the transmission medium to the network termination devices.

In a preferred embodiment, the data transmission medium is

30 the telephone line, preferably a UTP copper telephone line.

In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network, the data transmission request message comprises a request message opcode and a number of time slots required for data

35 transmission of the data sent by the data communication device.

In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network, a data transmission grant message comprises a grant message opcode and an address of the selected network termination device.

5

In a still further preferred embodiment of the data transmission network according to the present invention, the upstream data frames are sent from the network termination devices to the line termination device via the data transmission medium in an upstream frequency band, and the downstream data frames are sent from the line termination device to the network termination devices via the data transmission medium in a downstream frequency band.

10

15 The downstream frequency band ranges preferably between 1 and 3 MHz, and the upstream frequency band ranges preferably between 4 and 8 MHz.

20

The line termination device comprises in a preferred embodiment an MII interface for connection to a switch.

25

Each data frame comprises in a preferred embodiment a synchronization data field, the message data field, a payload data field, and an error correction data field.

In a preferred embodiment, each network termination device is connected to a passive signal splitter.

30

The passive signal splitter comprises preferably a low-pass filter for filtering a telephone signal and a high-pass filter for filtering an xDSL data signal.

35

35 In a preferred embodiment, the line termination device comprises storing means for storing the information data of

the different network termination devices connected to the line termination device.

5 In a preferred embodiment, the storing means stores the addresses of the network termination devices and the corresponding numbers of required time slots received from the network termination devices in a request message.

10 In a still further preferred embodiment of the data transmission network according to the present invention, the selection unit of the line termination device reads the status information data stored in the storing means, selects the network termination devices for data transmission according to a programmed selection algorithm and activates 15 the grant message generator for generating grant messages for the selected network termination devices.

20 In a preferred embodiment, the xDSL transceiver of the line termination device includes an adaptive gain control circuit and an equalizer.

25 The line termination device comprises preferably first storing means for storing the automatic gain control coefficients and the network termination devices connected to the line termination device and second storing means for storing equalizer coefficients for the network termination devices connected to the line termination device.

30 The automatic gain control coefficients of the network termination device selected by the selecting unit are loaded into the automatic gain control circuit of the xDSL transceiver of the line termination device.

35 The equalizer coefficients of the network termination device selected by the selecting unit are loaded preferably into the

equalizer of the xDSL transceiver of the line termination device.

In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network

5 according to the present invention, the network termination device comprises a grant decoder for decoding messages within downstream data frames broadcasted by the line termination device.

10 In a preferred embodiment, the xDSL transceiver of the line termination device and the network termination devices are VDSL transceiver.

15 In a preferred embodiment, the impedances of the network termination devices connected to the data transmission medium are balanced.

20 In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network according to the present invention, at least eight network termination devices are connected via the data transmission medium to the line termination device.

25 In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network, several line termination devices are connected to a switch.

30 In a preferred embodiment of the data transmission network, the switch is connected to an IP backbone.

The invention further provides a method for data transmission comprising the following steps:

generating a data transmission request message by a network termination device when the network termination device receives data from a connected data communication device, transmitting the generated data transmission request message within an upstream data frame via a data transmission medium to a line termination device while getting a grant message,

selecting the network termination devices depending on the stored status information data of the network termination devices,
generating data transmission grant messages for the selected
5 network termination devices by the line termination device,
broadcasting downstream data frames containing the generated grant messages via the data transmission medium to the network termination devices, and
transmitting data from the selected network termination
10 device after the grant message has been decoded.

In the following preferred embodiments of the data transmission network and the data transmission method according to the present invention are described in detail
15 with respect to the enclosed Figures.

Fig. 1 shows a data transmission network according to the state of the art;

20 Fig. 2 shows a data transmission network according to the present invention having a topology as found in the United States of America;

25 Fig. 3 shows a data transmission network according to the present invention having a topology as found in Europe and in Asia;

Fig. 4 shows a block diagram of a line termination device according to the present invention;

30 Fig. 5 shows a network termination status table stored within a line termination device;

Fig. 6 shows a block diagram of a network termination device
35 according to the present invention;

Fig. 7a, 7b show a request message and a grant message in principle;

Fig. 8 shows a flowchart of the operation within a line
5 termination device;

Fig. 9 shows a flowchart of the operations within the network
termination device according to the invention.

10 Fig. 2 shows a preferred embodiment of a data transmission
network 1 according to the present invention. The data
transmission network 1 as shown in Fig. 2 has a network
topology as found in the United States. The data transmission
network 1 comprises several line termination devices 2-1 to
15 2-N connected via lines 3-1 to 3-N to a switch 4 which is
connected via a line 5 to an IP backbone 6. Each line
termination device 2 is connected via a data transmission
medium 7 through several network termination devices 8-1 to
8-M, wherein in the example shown in Fig. 2, the number M of
20 connected network termination devices is eight. The data
transmission medium 7 in the preferred embodiment as shown in
Fig. 2 is an unshielded twisted pair of telephone lines (UTP)
made of copper. Each network termination device 8-I is
connected to a corresponding data communication device 9-I.
25 The data communication devices are personal computers, IP
telephones, laptops or television set-top boxes or any other
network equipment.

30 In the data transmission network 1 as shown in Fig. 2, the
switch 4 is connected to the IP backbone 6 and exchanges data
with a very high data exchange rate. The main switch 4 is
e.g. an Ethernet switch to which several line termination
devices according to the present invention are connected. The
Ethernet switch 4 delivers the Ethernet packets to its
35 destination according to a destination address. The Ethernet
packets are broadcasted by the line termination device as
downstream data frames via the transmission medium 7 to

several network termination devices 8-1 to 8-M in a downstream frequency band.

The downstream frequency band may in a VDSL application range 5 between 1 and 3 MHz. The Ethernet packets are broadcasted with a data transfer rate of e.g. 15/20 MBPS. The network termination device 8-i receives the data packet and transmits it to the corresponding data communication device 9-i. Data coming from data communication device 9-i is sent within an 10 upstream data frame via the data transmission medium 7 to the corresponding line termination device 2.

There are three different possibilities for data transmission paths. In a first data path, the network termination device 15 8-i sends an upstream Ethernet data frame to the corresponding line termination device 2 which delivers the data frame to the main switch 4. If the upstream frame is addressed to another network termination device 8-j within the same group of network termination devices, the switch 4 20 sends the received upstream data frame as a downstream data frame via the line termination 2 and the data transmission medium 7 to the addressed destination network termination device 8-j.

25 If the upstream data frame is addressed to a network termination device 8-j within another group of network termination devices 8, the switch 4 sends the received upstream data frame to the corresponding line termination device 2-j of the destination network termination device 8-j 30 which transmits it via another data transmission telephone line to the addressed network termination device 8-j.

In a third possible data transmission path, the upstream data frame sent by a network termination device 8-j is destined 35 for a remote network termination device and will be delivered from switch 4 via line 5 to the IP backbone 6.

In the data transmission network shown in Fig. 2 according to the US-topology, all network termination devices 8 within one group are connected to the same telephone copper line 7. The network termination devices 8 may be distributed within a 5 range of 100 m. A feeding line between the line termination device 2 and the different network termination devices 8 may be in one building and may have a length between 0.5 and 1 km. The data transmission medium 7 in the form of the unshielded twisted pair telephone line made of copper is 10 already wired within the building and is used by the present invention also for xDSL data transmission. Accordingly the data communication devices 9-i within in the building may form a local area network (LAN) without the need to provide a separate Ethernet cable structure.

15

Fig. 3 shows a data transmission network 1 having the topology as can be found in Europe and Asia. Several data communication devices 9-i are connected by means of a network termination device 8-i and a data transmission medium 7-i such as an unshielded twisted telephone line (UTP) to a 20 corresponding low-pass filter 10-i within a central office 11 and to a corresponding high-pass filter 12-i. The low-pass filters 10 may have a cut off frequency between 8 kHz and 0.1 MHz for filtering voice data, and the high-pass filters 25 12 may have a cut off frequency between 0.1 MHz and 0.7 MHz for filtering xDSL data signals. Each low-pass filter 10-i within the central office 11 is connected via a line 13-i to a telephone switch entry 14-i of a telephone switch 14. The telephone switch 14 is connected via a line 15 to an ordinary 30 POTS telephone network 16.

The high-pass filter 12 are connected via lines 17 to a combiner 18 which adds up the received high-pass filtered signals. The combiner 18 is connected via line 19 to a line 35 termination device 2. The line termination device 2 is connected via line 3 to a main switch 4 which is connected via line 5 to an IP backbone 6. In the data transmission

network having the topology as shown in Fig. 3, a multi-port POTS/xDSL splitter comprising the plurality of low-pass filters 10 and high-pass filters 12 is provided. The splitter filters the telephone signal on one side and filters the xDSL signal on the other side.

Fig. 4 shows a block diagram of a line termination device 2 according to a preferred embodiment of the present invention.

10 The line termination device 2 comprises an xDSL transceiver 20 for broadcasting downstream data frames to several network termination devices 8-I via the data transmission medium 7 and for receiving upstream data frames from the network termination devices 8-I via the data transmission medium 7.

15 The data medium 7 is e.g. an unshielded twisted pair telephone line UTP made of copper. The xDSL transceiver 20 within the line termination device 2 comprises a line driver 21 for driving the received signals and for driving signals to be transmitted. The line driver 21 is connected via a line 22 to a hybrid circuit 23 which applies the received data signals via a line 24 to an analog receiving filter 25 which is connected on the output side via a line 26 to an amplifier unit 27 for amplifying the received and filtered data signals. The amplified received signal is supplied via line 28 to an analog/digital converter 29 which converts the received analog signal to a digital signal. The received digital signal is supplied via lines 30, 31 to an automatic gain control circuit 32 controlling the amplifier 27 via a control line 33 and to a digital QAM demodulator 34. The QAM 30 demodulator is connected on its output side via a line 35 to a digital receiving filter 36 for suppressing noise. The digital filter 36 is connected via line 37 to an equalizer 38 for compensating distortions. The equalizer 38 is connected via line 39 to a slicer 40 for determining the received data symbols. The slicer 40 is connected via line 41 to a QAM decoder 42 which generates from the detected data symbols the corresponding data bits to be packed in a data frame. The QAM

decoder 42 is connected via line 43 to a TC deframer 44 the TC deframer which is connected via line 45 to an deframer 46, e.g. an Ethernet deframer. The TC deframer 44 extracts messages from the received upstream data frames and supplies them via a line 47 to an NT status memory 48. The deframer 46 is connected via line 49 to an MII interface 50 for connecting the line termination device 2 via a line 3 to a switch 4.

10 The MII interface 50 is connected via a line 51 to a framer 52, e.g. an Ethernet framer. The Ethernet framer 52 is connected via line 53 to a TC (TC: Transparency Convergence) framer 54. The TC framer 54 is connected via line 55 to a QAM encoder 56 within the xDSL transceiver 20. The QAM encoder 56 15 is connected via line 57 to a digital transmitting filter 58. The filtered digital signal is supplied via line 59 to a digital modulator 60 which is connected on its output side via line 61 to a digital/analog converter 62. The modulated digital signal is converted by the digital analog converter 20 62 to an analog signal which is supplied via line 63 to an analog filter 64. The filtered analog signal is supplied via line 65 through the hybrid circuit 23 and broadcasted via the line driver 21 and the data transmission medium 7 to the network termination devices 8-I.

25 The line termination device 2 comprises a selection unit 66 which is connected via lines 67 to the NT status memory 48. The selection unit 66 selects the network termination devices which have sent a request message within an upstream data 30 frame depending on the status information data stored within the status storage means 48.

The line termination device 2 further comprises a grant message generator 68 connected to the selection unit 66 via 35 line 69. The grant generator 68 is connected via control line 70 to the TC framer unit 54. The selection unit 66 selects according to the information data stored within the storage

means 48 a network termination device 8-j connected to the line termination device 2 and activates the grant message generator 68 for generating a data transmission grant message for the selected network termination device 8-i.

5

The selection unit 66 further controls via control lines 71, 72 an AGC random access memory 73 and an equalizer coefficient random access memory 74. In the AGC random access memory 73, the automatic gain control coefficients for the different network termination devices 8-i of one group are stored. In the equalizer coefficient random access memory 74, the equalizer coefficients for the different network termination devices 8-i within one group connected to the line termination device are stored. The automatic gain control random access memory 73 stores the AGC coefficients via line 75 from the automatic gain control circuit 32 within the xDSL transceiver 20. The equalizer coefficient random access memory 74 stores the equalizer coefficients of the different network termination devices from the equalizer 38 via line 76. The AGC coefficients of the selected network termination device are loaded into the automatic gain control circuit 32 via a line 77 in response to a control signal supplied by the selection unit 66 via control line 71. The equalizer coefficients are loaded into the equalizer 38 via a line 78 in response to a control signal of the selection unit 66 delivered via control line 72.

The selection unit 66 reads the status information data stored within the NT status storing means 48 and selects the network termination devices 8-i for data transmission according to a programmed selection algorithm and activates the grant message generator 68 for generating grant messages for the selected network termination devices 8-i. The selection of the network termination devices may be performed by any selection scheme such as a priority scheme. In an alternative embodiment, all network termination devices 8-i may have the same priority.

Fig. 5 shows an example for a network termination device status table stored within the storing means 48. Each network termination device connected to the line termination device 2 has a unique network termination device address. As status information, the status table may contain the number of time slots required by the different network termination devices 8-i for data transmission. This number is received by the line termination device 2 in an upstream data frame as a request message. Any kind of further data information of the different network termination devices 8-I may be stored in the status table which are necessary for the selection algorithm.

Fig. 6 shows a block diagram of a preferred embodiment of a network termination device 8 according to the present invention.

The network termination device 8 comprises an xDSL transceiver 20 having the a similar structure as the xDSL transceiver 20 in the line termination device. Additionally, the network termination device 8 comprises a timing circuit 78 for tracking the timing of the clock signal of the line termination device 2. The timing circuit 78 is provided for synchronizing on the line termination device master clock. The timing circuit 78 is connected via line 79 through a voltage controller circuit 80 controlling a voltage controlled oscillator 81 via control line 82, said voltage controlled oscillator 81 generating an internal clock signal for the network termination device.

The network termination device 8 further comprises a network termination device status generator 83 generating any kind of status information data describing the status of the network termination device. The NT status generator 83 generates messages which contain information about the network termination device, and in particular how many time slots for

data transmission are required by the network termination device. The generated request message is transmitted via a line 84 to the TC framer 54 and put into a message field within an upstream data frame to be sent to the line 5 termination device by the xDSL transceiver 20.

In the transmitting path of the xDSL transceiver 20 of the network termination device 8 there is provided an additional switch 85 controlled by a grant decoder 86 via a control line 10 87. When sending data information switch 85 is closed. The request message generator 83 generates data transmission request message when the data communication device 9 connected to the network termination device 8 wants to send data to the line termination device 2. In a preferred 15 embodiment, the network termination device 8 contains a buffer memory for buffering data sent from the data communication device 9 when a request for data communication is not granted by the line termination device 2 immediately.

20 The grant message decoder 86 is connected via line 88 to the TC deframer 44 and decodes the messages within a message field of the received downstream data frames broadcasted by the line termination device 2 via the data communication medium 7. In case that the grant decoder 86 decodes a grant 25 message addressed to the specific network termination device 8-i it sends a control signal via the control line 87+0 to the switch 85 and the buffered data coming from the corresponding data communication device 9-i connected to the network termination device 8-i are transmitted to the line 30 termination device 2 via the data communication medium 7 which is preferably an unshielded twisted pair telephone line.

35 The TC framer 54 within the line termination device and the network termination device may also contain a Reed-Solomon-correction unit, a scrambler and an interleaver.

Fig. 7a shows a request message transmitted from a network termination device 8 upstream to a line termination device 2 in principle. The request message which is put into a message field of an upstream data frame contains a request message opcode which may be recognized by the TC deframer unit 44 within the line termination device 2. The request message further includes a number of time slots which are required for data transmission by the network termination device 8 which sends the request message.

10

Fig. 7b shows a grant message in principle. The grant message contains a grant message opcode which may be recognized by a grant message decoder 86 within a network termination device 8. The grant message further contains the MAC address of the destination network termination device 8.

15

Fig. 8 shows a flowchart for describing the operation within a line termination device 2 in principle.

20 After a start step S0, the line termination device 2 receives in a step S1 upstream data frames from all corresponding network termination devices 8-i connected to the line termination device 2 via the data transmission medium 7. The network termination devices 8-i are scheduled by the line 25 termination device 2.

If the received upstream data frames contain data transmission request messages, the TC deframer 44 of the line termination device 2 stores the number of time slots 30 requested by the network termination device into the NT status table of memory 48 in a step S2.

In step S3, the selection unit 66 selects at least one network termination device 8-i according to programmed 35 selection criteria according to a given priority or to urgency of data transmission.

In a further step S4, the grant message generator 68 is activated by the selection unit 66 and generates a grant message addressed to the selected network termination device 8-i.

5

In a step S5, the line termination device 2 broadcasts downstream data frames to all network termination devices 8-i connected to the line termination device 2 via the telephone line 7. The broadcasted downstream data frames include 10 payload data to be transmitted from the line termination device 2 to the network termination devices 8 and from there to the corresponding data communication devices 9 such as computers, laptops or IP phones. Further data frames include the generated grant messages, i.e. the grant message opcode 15 and the MAC-addresses of the selected network termination devices 8.

In a further step S6, the AGC coefficients stored in the memory 73 and the equalizer coefficients stored in the memory 20 74 are loaded into the automatic gain control circuit 32 and into the equalizer 38 of the xDSL transceiver 20 within the line termination device 2.

In a further step S7, the line termination device 2 waits for 25 determined response time for the response from the network termination devices 8.

Fig. 9 shows the further flowchart for describing the operation within the network termination device 8-I according 30 to the present invention. After a start step S0, the network termination device 8 receives a data stream broadcasted from the line termination device 2 via the data transmission medium 7 in a step S1. The messages within the message fields of the received downstream data frames are decoded by the 35 decoder 86 within the network termination device 8 in a step S2.

In a further step S3, it is decided whether the received message is a grant message for the specific network termination device 8 or not. In case that the network termination device did not receive a grant message, it 5 further monitors the data frames broadcasted by the corresponding line termination device 2.

In case that the network termination device 8 has received a grant message from the line termination device 2, it 10 transmits in a step S4 several upstream data frames to the line termination device 2 via the data transmission medium 7. The number of the transmitted upstream data frames depends on the number of time slots allocated by the line termination device 2 for data transmission. The upstream data streams 15 include payload data to be transmitted from the line termination device 2 via switch 4 to further line termination devices 2 or to the backbone 5 or to other network termination devices 8 within the same group. Further, the upstream data frames include status data indicating the 20 actual status of the network termination device 8-i, e.g. acceptable waiting time for receiving grant messages. Further, the upstream data frame sent by the network termination device 8 may contain further messages, such as a further request message containing a request message opcode 25 and number of time slots required for further data transmission.

The line termination device 2 comprises of an xDSL transceiver having a MAC functionality and acts as the master 30 of the point to multi-point data link. The line termination device 2 schedules each network termination device 8 on a TDD basis. In a European or Asian network topology, a passive signal splitter is provided in order to combine the xDSL signal of different users to one copper line.

The network termination device 8 comprises of an xDSL transceiver transmitting data according to the request received from the master, i.e. a line termination device 2.

- 5 On the downstream frequency band, a sustained signal is transmitted permanently from the line termination device 2, i.e. the line termination device 2 broadcasts all the time downstream data frames. This has the advantage that all network termination devices 8 keep being synchronized to the 10 downstream signal. Each network termination device 8 transmits its upstream signal when getting a grant on the message channel. The transmission is performed for a granted period of time.
- 15 With the invention it is possible using a well-proven xDSL-QAM transceiver for the physical layer over the target infrastructure which is e.g. a telephone line (CAT3). Using a TDM media access control on the upstream side and broadcasting of data frames on the downstream has the 20 advantage that the xDSL transceiver has a reduced synchronization time on the upstream. Using an xDSL transceiver makes the system according to the present invention compliant with other xDSL systems.
- 25 The data transmission is carried on a signal copper line, upstream and downstream, wherein the copper line may be shared by at least eight users. Since the line termination device 2 works as a master, no collision base MAC is required and all network communication devices are fully synchronized.
- 30 The data transmission network may be implemented either in a US-topology or European/Asian topology. The data transmission network according to the present invention takes advantage of the current asymmetric application demand and is compatible with 10BaseS. Possible applications are fast Internet, game 35 on demand, netgames, centric services, MPEG-4 VOD.

In a preferred embodiment, the messages are protected with CRC. In case that an error is detected in one message, the message may be discarded. Some important messages may be transmitted up to three times in order to ensure their 5 reception. The grant message has to have a minimal response time.

The line termination device 2 keeps the last equalizer coefficients and ACG coefficients of each network termination 10 device 8 connected to the line termination device 2. The line termination device 2 reloads the coefficients to its xDSL transceiver while awaiting the relevant NT signal. In order to avoid reflections on the data transmission medium, the 15 impedances of the different network termination devices 8 are balanced.

Patent Claims

1. Data transmission network having
a least one line termination device (2) connected via a data
5 transmission medium (7) to several network termination
devices (8), each network termination device (8) comprising
a request message generator (33) for generating a data
transmission request message when a data communication device
(9) connected to the network termination device (8) is
10 sending data, and
an xDSL transceiver (20) for transmitting an upstream data
frame including the generated request message via the data
transmission medium (7) to the line termination device (2),
said line termination device (2) comprising
15 a selection unit (66) for selecting network termination
devices (8) which have sent a request message depending on
stored status information data of the network termination
devices (8),
a grant message generator (68) for generating data
20 transmission grant messages for the selected network
termination devices (8), and
an xDSL transceiver (20) for broadcasting downstream data
frames including the generated grant messages via the data
transmission medium (7) to the network termination devices
25 (8).

2. Data transmission network according to claim 1, wherein
the transmission medium is a telephone line.

30 3. Data transmission network according to claim 1 or 2,
wherein a data transmission request message comprises
a request message opcode and a number of time slots required
for data transmission of the data sent by the data
communication device (9).

4. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein a data transmission grant message comprises

a grant message opcode, and

5 an address of the selected network termination device.

5. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein

the upstream data frames are sent from the network

10 termination devices (8) to the line termination device (2) via the data transmission medium (7) in an upstream frequency band, and

the downstream data frames are sent from the line termination device (2) to the network termination device (8) via the data

15 transmission medium (7) in a downstream frequency band.

6. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein

the downstream frequency band ranges between 1 and 3 MHz and

20 the upstream frequency band ranges between 4 and 8 MHz.

7. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein each line termination device (2) comprises an MII interface (50) for the connection to a

25 switch (4).

8. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein each data frame comprises:

a synchronization data field,

30 a message data field,

a payload data field, and

an error correction data field.

9. Data transmission network according to one of the

35 preceding claims, wherein each network termination device (8) is connected to a passive signal splitter.

10. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the passive signal splitter comprises

5 a low-pass filter (19-i) for filtering a telephone signal, and a high-pass filter (12-i) for filtering an xDSL data signal.

11. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the line termination device (2)

10 comprises storing means (48) for storing the status information data of the different network termination devices (8) connected to the line termination device (2).

15 12. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the storing means (48) stores the addresses of the network termination devices (8) and the corresponding numbers of the required time slots received from the network termination devices (8) in request messages.

20 13. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the selection unit (66) reads the status information data stored in the storing means (48), selects the network termination devices for data transmission 25 according to a programmed selection algorithm and activates the grant message generator (68) for generating grant messages for the selected network termination devices (8).

14. Data transmission network according to one of the 30 preceding claims, wherein the xDSL transceiver (20) of the line termination device (2) includes an adaptive automatic gain control circuit (32) and an equalizer (38).

15. Data transmission network according to one of the 35 preceding claims, wherein the line termination device (2) comprises

a first storing means (73) for storing the AGC coefficients for the network termination devices (8) connected to the line termination device (2), and

5 a second storing means (74) for storing equalizer coefficients for the network termination devices (8) connected to the line termination device (2).

16. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the AGC coefficients of the 10 selected network termination device selected by the selecting unit (66) are loaded into the AGC circuit (32) of the xDSL transceiver (20) of the line termination device (2).

17. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the equalizer coefficients of the selected network termination device (8) selected by the 15 selecting unit (66) are loaded into the equalizer (38) of the xDSL transceiver (20) of the line termination device (2).

20 18. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the network termination device (8) comprises a grant decoder (86) for decoding messages within downstream data frames broadcasted by the line termination device (2).

25 19. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the xDSL transceivers (20) are VDSL transceivers.

30 20. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the impedances of the network termination devices (8) connected to the data transmission medium (7) are balanced.

35 21. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein eight network termination devices

are connected via the data transmission medium (7) to the line termination device (8).

22. Data transmission network according to one of the 5 preceding claims, wherein several line termination devices (2) are connected to a switch (4).

23. Data transmission network according to one of the preceding claims, wherein the switch (4) is connected to an 10 IP backbone (5).

24. Method for data transmission comprising the following steps:

(a) generating a data transmission request message by a 15 network termination device (8) when the network termination device receives data from a connected data communication device (9);

(b) transmitting the generated data transmission request message within an upstream data frame via a data transmission 20 medium (7) to a line termination device (2);

(c) selecting the network termination devices (8) depending on stored status information data of the network termination devices;

(d) generating data transmission grant messages for the 25 selected network termination devices (8) by the line termination device (2);

(e) broadcasting downstream data frames containing the generated grant messages via the data transmission medium (7) to the connected network termination devices (8);

30 (f) transmitting data from the selected network termination device (8) after the grant message has been decoded.

25. Line termination device comprising a selection unit (66) for selecting a network termination 35 device (8) from a group of network termination devices connected to the line termination device (2) in response to a

request message depending on stored status information data of the network termination devices;

a grant message generator for generating data transmission grant messages for the selected network termination device

5 (8), and

an xDSL transceiver (20) for broadcasting downstream data frames including the generated grant messages via a data transmission medium (7) to the network termination devices (8).

10

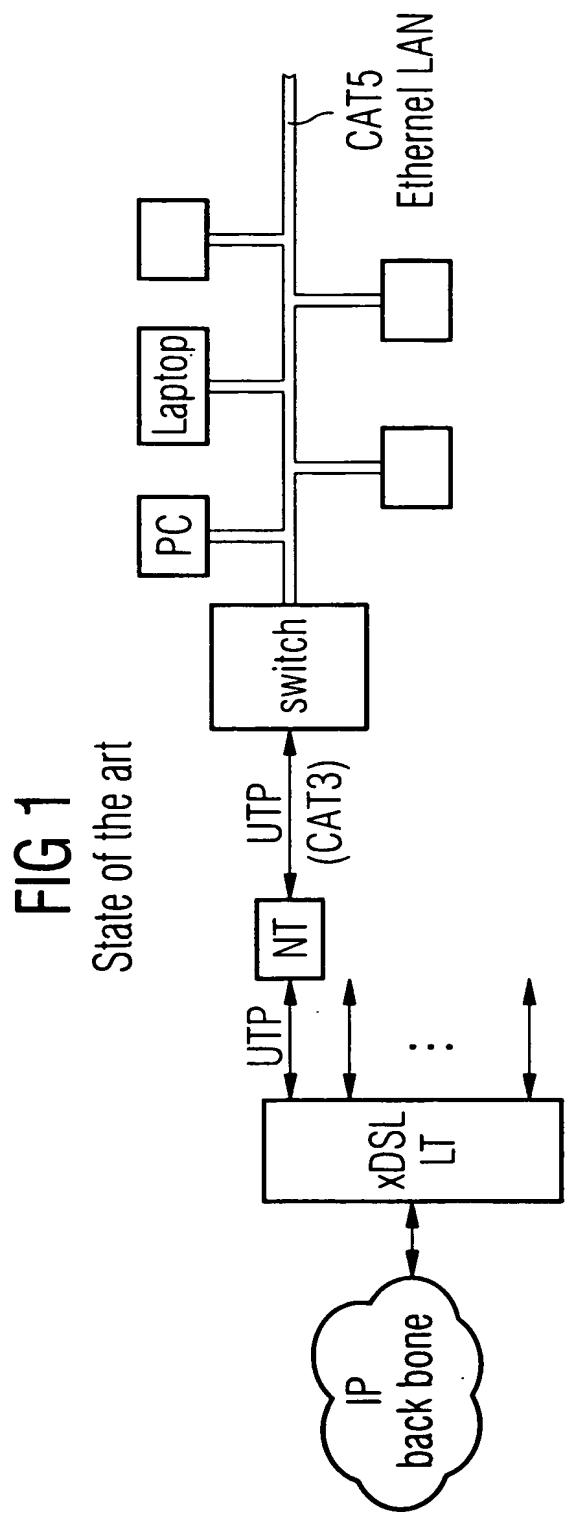
26. Network termination device comprising a request message generator (83) for generating a data transmission request message when a data communication device (9) connected to the network termination device (8) is

15 sending data, and

an xDSL transceiver (20) for transmitting an upstream data frame including the generated request message via the data transmission medium (7) to a connected line termination device (2).

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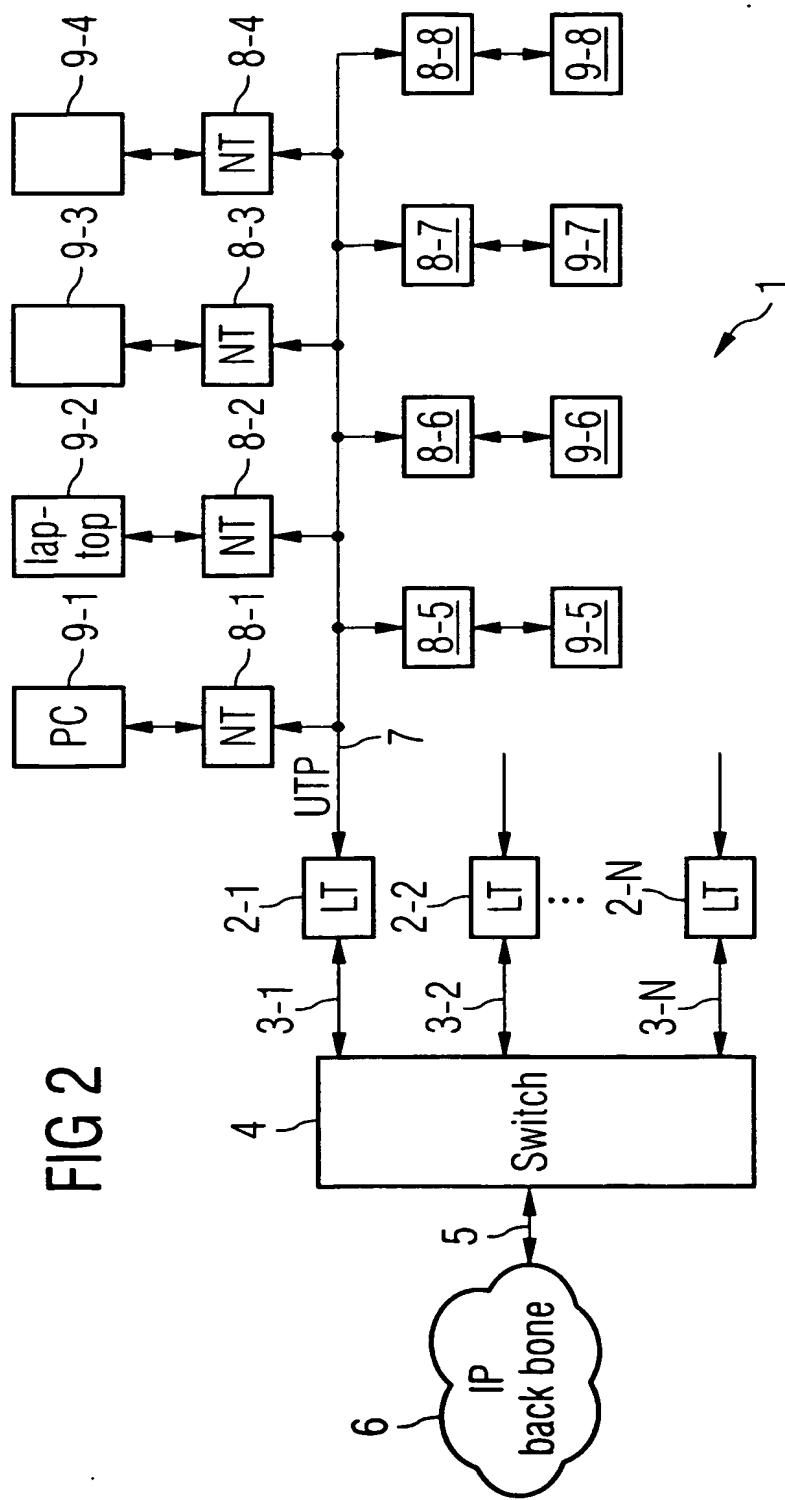
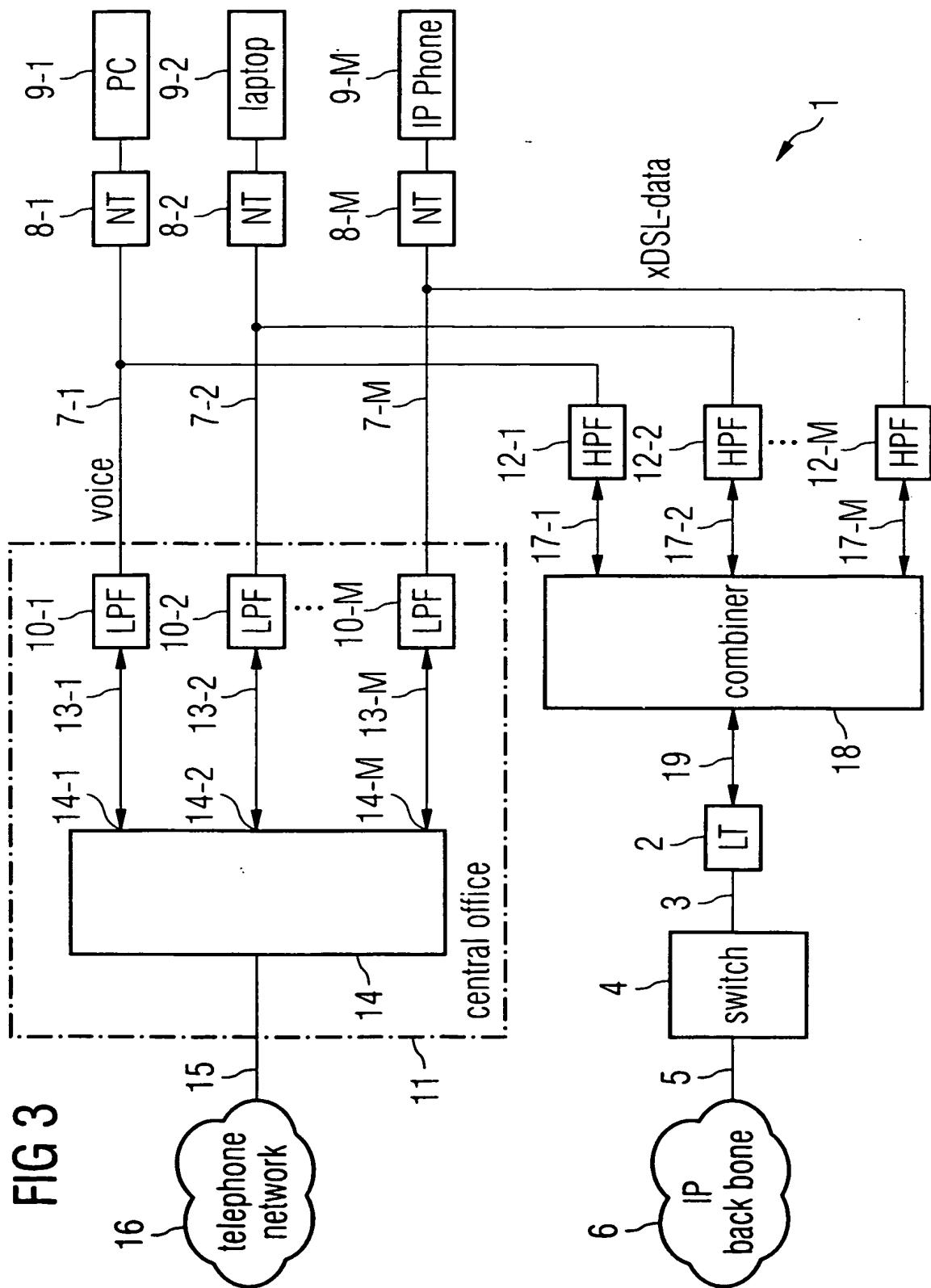


FIG 2

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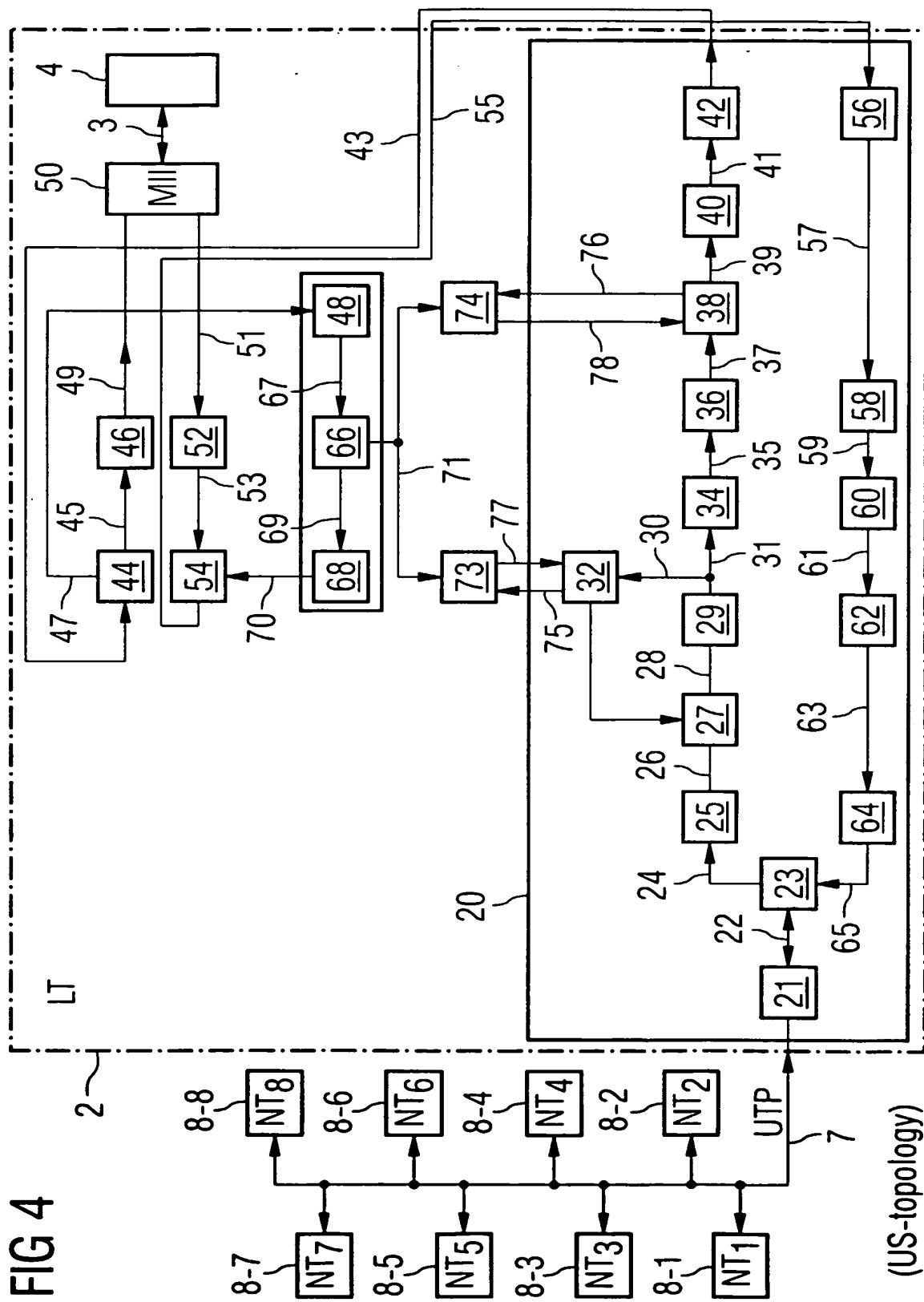
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FIG 4



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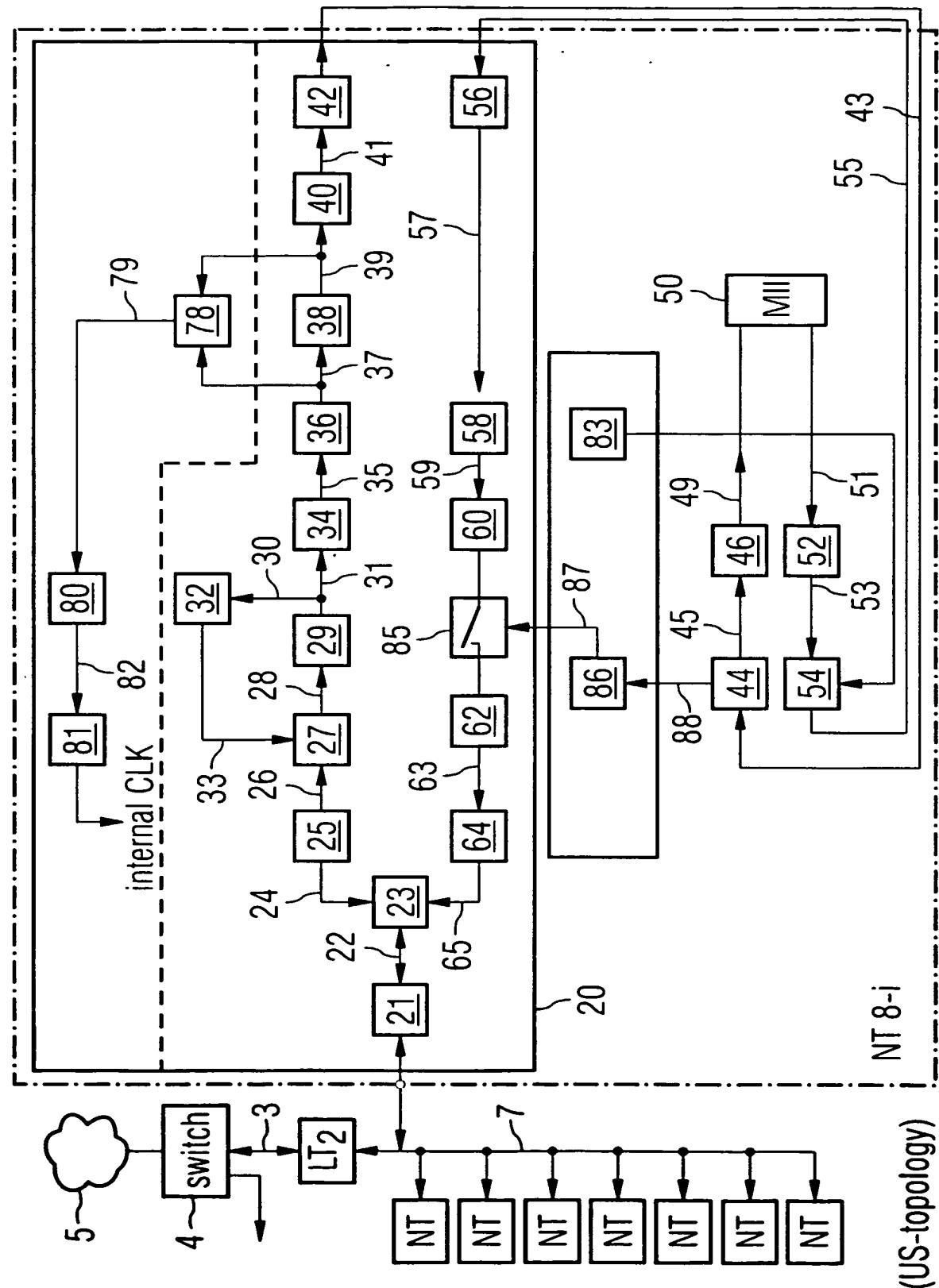
FIG 5

NT-status-table

NT	NT-adress	number of required time slots
NT ₁		
NT ₂		
:		
NT _N		

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FIG 6



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FIG 7a

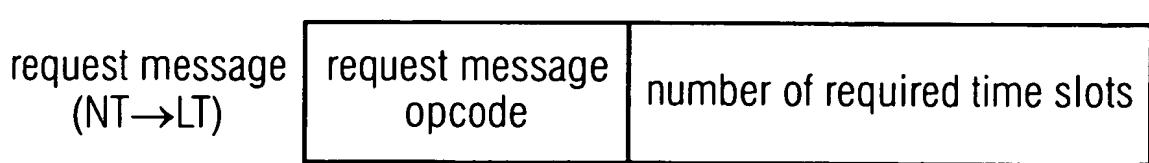


FIG 7b

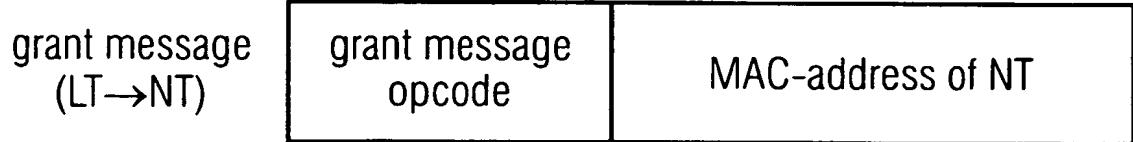
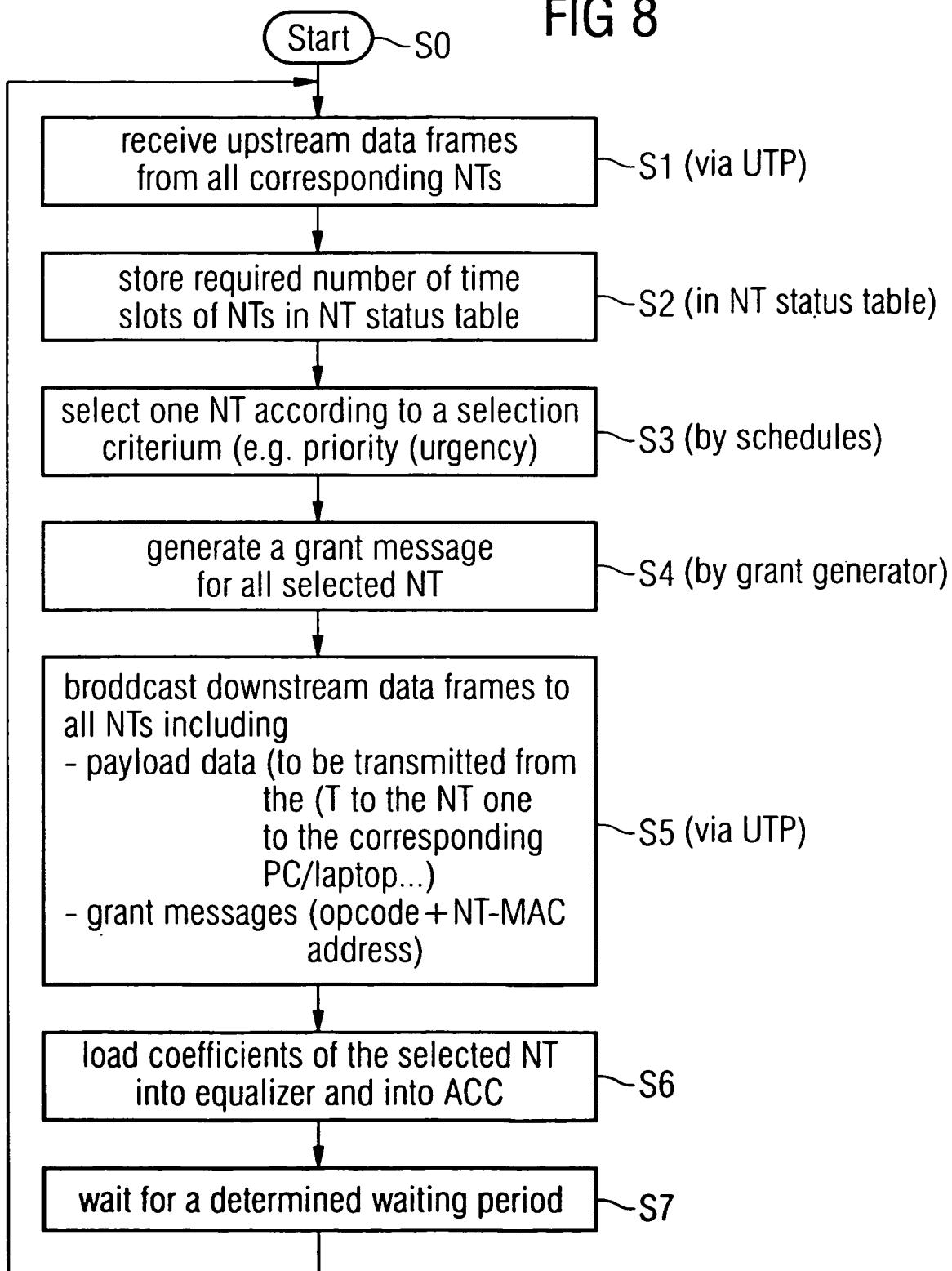
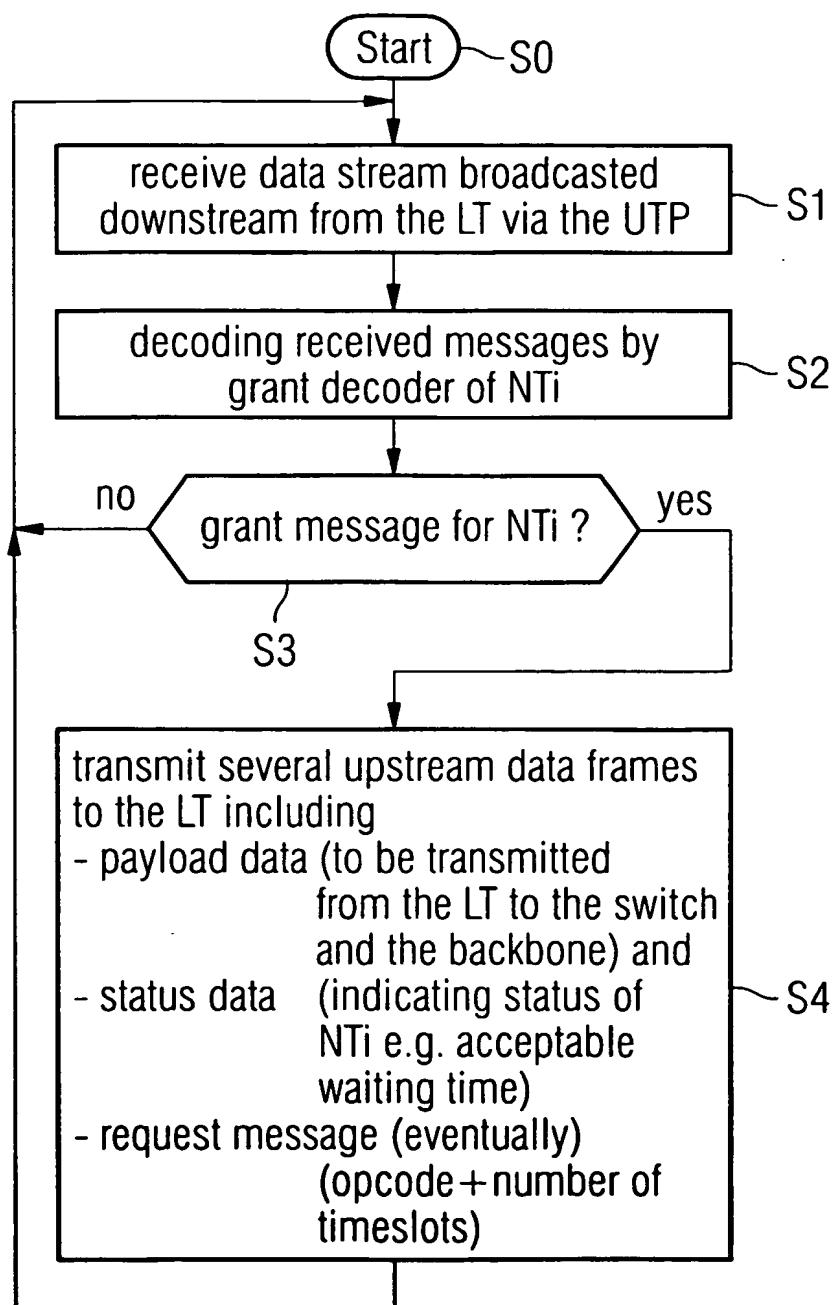


FIG 8



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FIG 9



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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/EP 01/04687A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 H04M11/06

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 H04M

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	US 6 160 843 A (MCHALE ET AL) 12 December 2000 (2000-12-12) abstract column 1, line 46 - line 63 column 2, line 41 - line 65 column 4, line 17 -column 5, line 8 column 6, line 37 -column 7, line 7 column 9, line 10 - line 22 column 9, line 65 -column 10, line 12 column 10, line 60 - line 62 column 13, line 1 - line 12 figure 1 --- -/-	1-26



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

- *A* document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance
- *E* earlier document but published on or after the international filing date
- *L* document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)
- *O* document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means
- *P* document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

- *T* later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
- *X* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
- *Y* document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.
- *&* document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

Date of mailing of the international search report

15 January 2002

22/01/2002

Name and mailing address of the ISA

 European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
 Tel (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
 Fax (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Lai, C

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Application No
PC 01/04687

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	GORALSKI W: "ADSL and DSL Technologies" ADSL AND DSL TECHNOLOGIES, NEW YORK: MCGRAW-HILL, US, 1998, pages 174-268, XP002169985 ISBN: 0-07-024679-3 page 176, line 10 -page 177, line 23 page 178, line 3 - line 16 page 224, line 1 - line 25 -----	1-26

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

Int'l Application No

PCT/US01/04687

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
US 6160843	A 12-12-2000	US 5668857 A	16-09-1997
		AU 2426997 A	22-10-1997
		CA 2250487 A1	09-10-1997
		EP 0890254 A2	13-01-1999
		US 2001043568 A1	22-11-2001
		US 6282273 B1	28-08-2001
		WO 9737458 A2	09-10-1997
		US 6169788 B1	02-01-2001
		US 5852655 A	22-12-1998
		US 6014431 A	11-01-2000
		US 5898761 A	27-04-1999
		US 5781617 A	14-07-1998
		US 6088430 A	11-07-2000
		US 5905781 A	18-05-1999

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PCT**REQUEST**

The undersigned requests that the present international application be processed according to the Patent Cooperation Treaty.

For receiving Office use only

International Application No.

International Filing Date

Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference
(if desired) (12 characters maximum) S0950 GC/aja**Box No. I TITLE OF INVENTION**
Data Transmission Network**Box No. II APPLICANT**

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

Infineon Technologies AG
St.-Martin-Straße 53
81669 München
DE

 This person is also inventor.

Telephone No.

Facsimile No.

Teleprinter No.

State (that is, country) of nationality:

DE

State (that is, country) of residence:

DE

This person is applicant all designated all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

KIRSHENBOIM, Gilad
Jrus Haargaman 84/9
42490 Netanya
ISRAEL

This person is:

 applicant only applicant and inventor inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:

IL

State (that is, country) of residence:

IL

This person is applicant all designated all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

 Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on a continuation sheet.**Box No. IV AGENT OR COMMON REPRESENTATIVE; OR ADDRESS FOR CORRESPONDENCE**

The person identified below is hereby/has been appointed to act on behalf of the applicant(s) before the competent International Authorities as:

 agent common representative

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country.)

Telephone No.

0049-89-3616100

Facsimile No.

0049-89-3401479

Teleprinter No.

Address for correspondence: Mark this check-box where no agent or common representative is/has been appointed and the space above is used instead to indicate a special address to which correspondence should be sent.

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Continuation of Box No. III FURTHER APPLICANT(S) AND/OR (FURTHER) INVENTOR(S)

If none of the following sub-boxes is used, this sheet should not be included in the request.

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

PELEG, Shimon
11, Anchilevich Street
Hod-Hasharon 45285
ISRAEL

This person is:

applicant only
 applicant and inventor
 inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:

IL

State (that is, country) of residence:

IL

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

 all designated States all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

This person is:

applicant only
 applicant and inventor
 inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:

State (that is, country) of residence:

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

 all designated States all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

This person is:

applicant only
 applicant and inventor
 inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:

State (that is, country) of residence:

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

 all designated States all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Name and address: (Family name followed by given name; for a legal entity, full official designation. The address must include postal code and name of country. The country of the address indicated in this Box is the applicant's State (that is, country) of residence if no State of residence is indicated below.)

This person is:

applicant only
 applicant and inventor
 inventor only (If this check-box is marked, do not fill in below.)

State (that is, country) of nationality:

State (that is, country) of residence:

This person is applicant for the purposes of:

 all designated States all designated States except the United States of America the United States of America only the States indicated in the Supplemental Box

Further applicants and/or (further) inventors are indicated on another continuation sheet.

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Box No.V DESIGNATION OF STATES

The following designations are hereby made under Rule 4.9(a) (mark the applicable check-boxes; at least one must be marked):

Regional Patent

AP ARIPO Patent: GH Ghana, GM Gambia, KE Kenya, LS Lesotho, MW Malawi, MZ Mozambique, SD Sudan, SL Sierra Leone, SZ Swaziland, TZ United Republic of Tanzania, UG Uganda, ZW Zimbabwe, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Harare Protocol and of the PCT

EA Eurasian Patent: AM Armenia, AZ Azerbaijan, BY Belarus, KG Kyrgyzstan, KZ Kazakhstan, MD Republic of Moldova, RU Russian Federation, TJ Tajikistan, TM Turkmenistan, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the Eurasian Patent Convention and of the PCT

EP European Patent: AT Austria, BE Belgium, CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein, CY Cyprus, DE Germany, DK Denmark, ES Spain, FI Finland, FR France, GB United Kingdom, GR Greece, IE Ireland, IT Italy, LU Luxembourg, MC Monaco, NL Netherlands, PT Portugal, SE Sweden, TR Turkey, and any other State which is a Contracting State of the European Patent Convention and of the PCT

OA OAPI Patent: BF Burkina Faso, BJ Benin, CF Central African Republic, CG Congo, CI Côte d'Ivoire, CM Cameroon, GA Gabon, GN Guinea, GW Guinea-Bissau, ML Mali, MR Mauritania, NE Niger, SN Senegal, TD Chad, TG Togo, and any other State which is a member State of OAPI and a Contracting State of the PCT (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line)

National Patent (if other kind of protection or treatment desired, specify on dotted line):

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AE United Arab Emirates	<input type="checkbox"/> LC Saint Lucia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AG Antigua and Barbuda	<input type="checkbox"/> LK Sri Lanka	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AL Albania	<input type="checkbox"/> LR Liberia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AM Armenia	<input type="checkbox"/> LS Lesotho	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AT Austria	<input type="checkbox"/> LT Lithuania	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AU Australia	<input type="checkbox"/> LU Luxembourg	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> AZ Azerbaijan	<input type="checkbox"/> LV Latvia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BA Bosnia and Herzegovina	<input type="checkbox"/> MA Morocco	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BB Barbados	<input type="checkbox"/> MD Republic of Moldova	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BG Bulgaria	<input type="checkbox"/> MG Madagascar	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BR Brazil	<input type="checkbox"/> MK The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BY Belarus	<input type="checkbox"/> MN Mongolia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> BZ Belize	<input type="checkbox"/> MW Malawi	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CA Canada	<input type="checkbox"/> MX Mexico	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CH and LI Switzerland and Liechtenstein	<input type="checkbox"/> MZ Mozambique	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CN China	<input type="checkbox"/> NO Norway	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CR Costa Rica	<input type="checkbox"/> NZ New Zealand	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CU Cuba	<input type="checkbox"/> PL Poland	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> CZ Czech Republic	<input type="checkbox"/> PT Portugal	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DE Germany	<input type="checkbox"/> RO Romania	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DK Denmark	<input type="checkbox"/> RU Russian Federation	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DM Dominica	<input type="checkbox"/> SD Sudan	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DZ Algeria	<input type="checkbox"/> SE Sweden	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EE Estonia	<input type="checkbox"/> SG Singapore	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ES Spain	<input type="checkbox"/> SI Slovenia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FI Finland	<input type="checkbox"/> SK Slovakia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GB United Kingdom	<input type="checkbox"/> SL Sierra Leone	
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> GE Georgia	<input type="checkbox"/> TM Turkmenistan	
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<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HR Croatia	<input type="checkbox"/> TZ United Republic of Tanzania	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> HU Hungary	<input type="checkbox"/> UA Ukraine	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ID Indonesia	<input type="checkbox"/> UG Uganda	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IL Israel	<input type="checkbox"/> US United States of America	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IN India	<input type="checkbox"/> UZ Uzbekistan	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> IS Iceland	<input type="checkbox"/> VN Viet Nam	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> JP Japan	<input type="checkbox"/> YU Yugoslavia	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KE Kenya	<input type="checkbox"/> ZA South Africa	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KG Kyrgyzstan	<input type="checkbox"/> ZW Zimbabwe	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea	Check-box reserved for designating States which have become party to the PCT after issuance of this sheet:	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KR Republic of Korea	<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KZ Kazakhstan		

Precautionary Designation Statement: In addition to the designations made above, the applicant also makes under Rule 4.9(b) all other designations which would be permitted under the PCT except any designation(s) indicated in the Supplemental Box as being excluded from the scope of this statement. The applicant declares that those additional designations are subject to confirmation and that any designation which is not confirmed before the expiration of 15 months from the priority date is to be regarded as withdrawn by the applicant at the expiration of that time limit. (Confirmation (including fees) must reach the receiving Office within the 15-month time limit.)

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Box No. VI PRIORITY CLAIM Further priority claims are indicated in the Supplemental Box.

Filing date of earlier application (day/month/year)	Number of earlier application	Where earlier application is:		
		national application: country	regional application:*	international application: receiving Office
item (1)				
item (2)				
item (3)				

The receiving Office is requested to prepare and transmit to the International Bureau a certified copy of the earlier application(s) (only if the earlier application was filed with the Office which for the purposes of the present international application is the receiving Office) identified above as item(s): _____

* Where the earlier application is an ARIPO application, it is mandatory to indicate in the Supplemental Box at least one country party to the Paris Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property for which that earlier application was filed (Rule 4.10(b)(ii)). See Supplemental Box.

Box No. VII INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

Choice of International Searching Authority (ISA) (if two or more International Searching Authorities are competent to carry out the international search, indicate the Authority chosen; the two-letter code may be used):	Request to use results of earlier search; reference to that search (if an earlier search has been carried out by or requested from the International Searching Authority):		
ISA /	Date (day/month/year)	Number	Country (or regional Office)

Box No. VIII CHECK LIST; LANGUAGE OF FILING

This international application contains the following number of sheets:	This international application is accompanied by the item(s) marked below:		
request : 4	1. <input type="checkbox"/> fee calculation sheet		
description (excluding sequence listing part) : 19	2. <input type="checkbox"/> separate signed power of attorney		
claims : 6	3. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> copy of general power of attorney; reference number, if any: 42810		
abstract : 1	4. <input type="checkbox"/> statement explaining lack of signature		
drawings : 9	5. <input type="checkbox"/> priority document(s) identified in Box No. VI as item(s):		
sequence listing part of description : --	6. <input type="checkbox"/> translation of international application into (language):		
	7. <input type="checkbox"/> separate indications concerning deposited microorganism or other biological material		
Total number of sheets : 39	8. <input type="checkbox"/> nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing in computer readable form		
	9. <input type="checkbox"/> other (specify):		

Figure of the drawings which should accompany the abstract: 2	Language of filing of the international application: English
--	---

Box No. IX SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT OR AGENT

Next to each signature, indicate the name of the person signing and the capacity in which the person signs (if such capacity is not obvious from reading the request).

Munich, April 25, 2001

Glyndwr Charles
Glyndwr CHARLES

For receiving Office use only		
1. Date of actual receipt of the purported international application:		2. Drawings: <input type="checkbox"/> received: <input type="checkbox"/> not received:
3. Corrected date of actual receipt due to later but timely received papers or drawings completing the purported international application:		
4. Date of timely receipt of the required corrections under PCT Article 11(2):		
5. International Searching Authority ISA /		
6. <input type="checkbox"/> Transmittal of search copy delayed until search fee is paid.		

For International Bureau use only	
Date of receipt of the record copy by the International Bureau:	

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PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

9/869249

Applicant's or agent's file reference S0950 GC/aja	FOR FURTHER ACTION see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report (Form PCT/ISA/220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.	
International application No. PCT/EP 01/ 04687	International filing date (day/month/year) 25/04/2001	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
Applicant INFINEON TECHNOLOGIES AG		

This International Search Report has been prepared by this International Searching Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 18. A copy is being transmitted to the International Bureau.

This International Search Report consists of a total of 3 sheets.

It is also accompanied by a copy of each prior art document cited in this report.

1. Basis of the report

a. With regard to the **language**, the international search was carried out on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.

the international search was carried out on the basis of a translation of the international application furnished to this Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).

b. With regard to any **nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence** disclosed in the international application, the international search was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing :

contained in the international application in written form.

filed together with the international application in computer readable form.

furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.

furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.

the statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.

the statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished

2. **Certain claims were found unsearchable** (See Box I).

3. **Unity of invention is lacking** (see Box II).

4. With regard to the **title**,

the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

the text has been established by this Authority to read as follows:

5. With regard to the **abstract**,

the text is approved as submitted by the applicant.

the text has been established, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authority as it appears in Box III. The applicant may, within one month from the date of mailing of this international search report, submit comments to this Authority.

6. The figure of the **drawings** to be published with the abstract is Figure No.

as suggested by the applicant.

because the applicant failed to suggest a figure.

because this figure better characterizes the invention.

2

None of the figures.

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